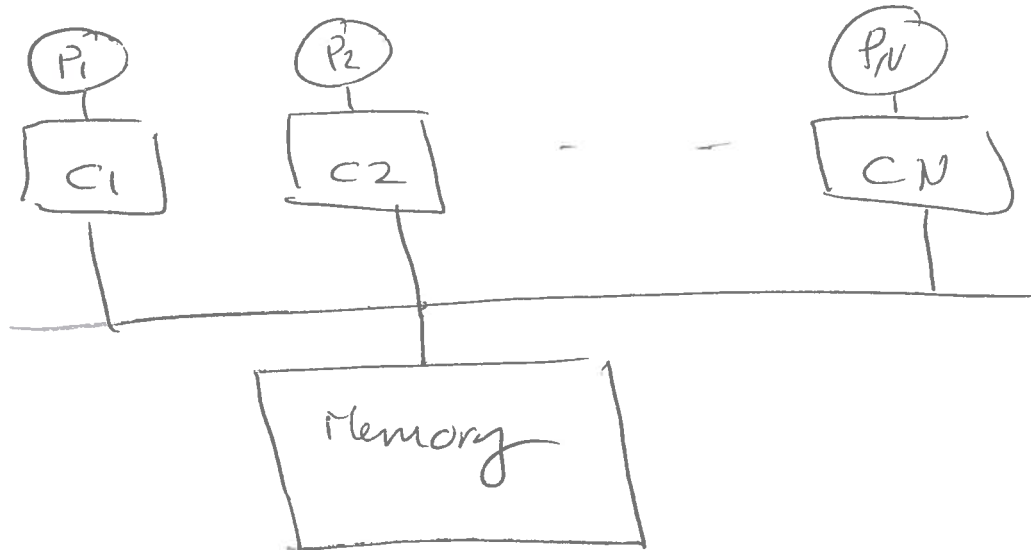


Name _____

Q1-(10 marks)

Q1-A-Draw the block diagram for the shared memory multiprocessor system



6

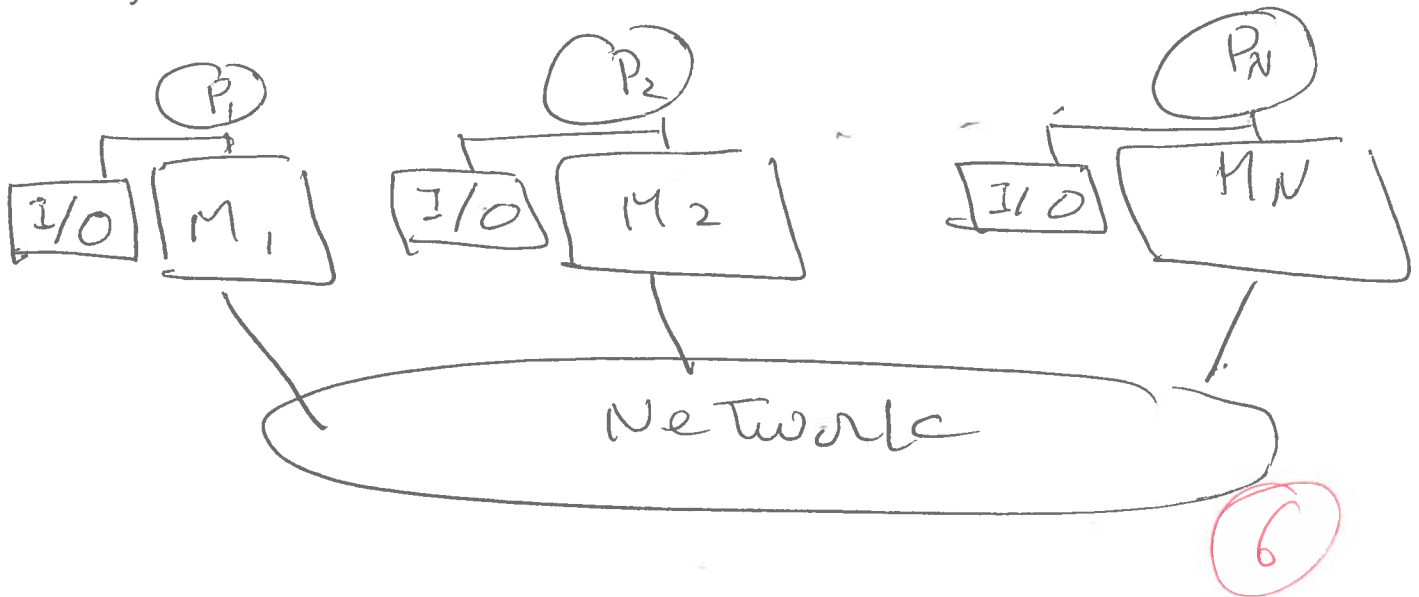
Q1-B - Explain and list the factors that limit the performance and scalability of this system

- 1- Synchronization to access shared variables
- 2- waiting time to acquire the bus
- 3- cache miss rate of invalidation, false sharing

4

Q2-(10 marks)

Q2-A-Draw the block diagram for message passing Distributed multiprocessor system



Q-1-B- Explain and list the factors that limit the performance and scalability of this system

- 1- cost of communication
- 2- Network Topology
- 3- software overhead to SEND/RECEIVE messages

4

Q3-(20 Marks)

Q3-A-List the different steps to write an efficient parallel code

- 1- Decomposition to independent tasks
- 2- Assignment of tasks to multiple processes
- 3- Orchestration
- 4- Mapping of processes to physical processors

10

Q3-B-Give the objectives in each step

- 1- Decomposition: as many independent tasks as possible (Algorithm)
- 2- Assignment: Load balance between diff. processes, all processes start at same time
- 3- Orchestration: reduce cost of synchronization & communication
- 4- Mapping: no process migration, map data used by process close to it,

10

Q4-(60 marks)

Compare the scalability of shared memory and distributed memory system to a single processor by constructing a simple analytical models and assume the following:

-Application is equation solver 1000X1000 elements and each element is 32 bits and number of processors 100.

-Each computation per element is 50 instructions, and each instruction average time is 1 ns.

-Computation takes 100 times to converge

-Cost of synchronization 50 instructions per shared element

-Cost of communication= 40 us latency and Bandwidth is 200 Mbps assuming 10% of communication cost could be overlapped with computation.

$$1. \text{Single processor Time} = N^2 * 50 * 1 \text{ ns} * 100 \quad (20)$$

$$= 1000^2 * 50 * 10^{-9} * 100 = 55'$$

$$2. \text{Shared Memory} = \frac{55'}{100} + 2N * 50 * 1 \text{ ns} * 100$$

$$= .05 + 2000 * 50 * 100 * 10^{-9}$$

$$= .065' \quad (20)$$

$$\text{scalability} = \frac{500}{6} = 83$$

$$3. \text{MPI} = \frac{55'}{100} + (40 * 10^{-6} + \frac{2N * 32}{200 * 10^6}) * 9 * 100$$

$$= .05 + (\frac{36}{10000} + \frac{2 * 1000 * 32}{200 * 10^6} * 9 * 100)$$

$$= .05 + (\frac{36}{10000} + 28.8 * 10^{-3})$$

$$= .05 + .032 = .082$$

$$= \frac{500}{8.2} = 62 \quad (20)$$